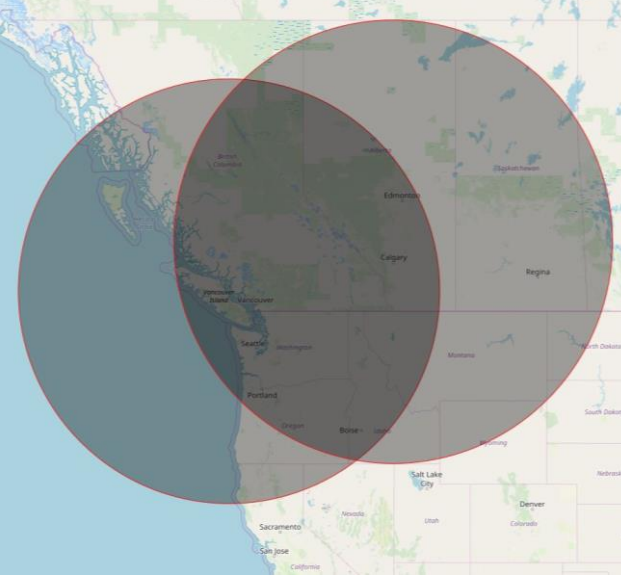




Container Traffic – Pacific North West

Port	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Port of Vancouver	2,825,475	2,912,900	3,054,467	2,929,585	3,252,223
Seattle / Tacoma	3,456,161	3,427,561	3,529,441	3,615,752	3,665,329
Totals	6,281,636	6,340,461	6,583,908	6,545,337	6,917,552

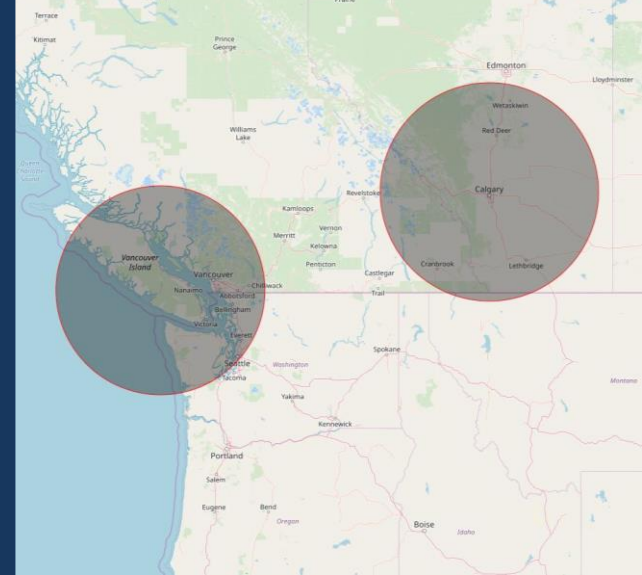
PATH v. CALGARY HINTERLAND



Radius Center	Population
PATH/Port Alberni	20,974,964
Calgary	22,665,237
Overlap	19,479,296



Radius Center	Population
PATH/Port Alberni	12,764,593
Calgary	5,593,339
Overlap	582,363

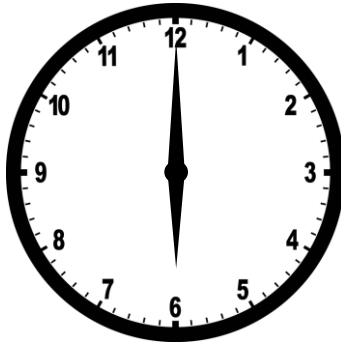
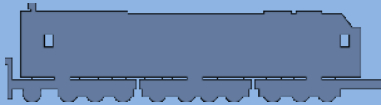


Radius Center	Population
PATH/Port Alberni	5,970,563
Calgary	2,010,175
Overlap	N/A

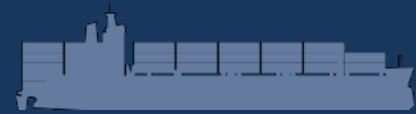
Benefits

1. Reduces CO2 Emissions & millions of truck kilometers
2. up to 7 Days saved Sailing Time
3. Location @ Gateway to Hinterland of 22 million people within 1000km radius
4. Access to multiple railways and terminal operators
5. Increased Gateway Capacity & Fluidity
6. Land for development and growth

The current rail
system is already
overburdened

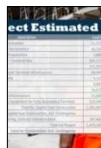


Studies predict
1.7% increase in
container traffic
each year





[Vancouver Island Manufacturing](#)



[PATH Build Costs](#)



[EBITDA](#)



[Vancouver Rail Map](#)



[Vancouver Distribution Centers](#)



[PATH v. Status Quo Costs](#)



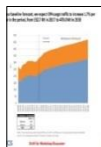
[Vancouver Island Containers](#)



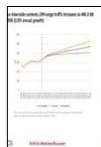
[PATH Locations](#)



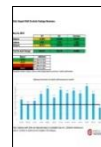
[Environmental Benefits](#)



[CPCS Cargo Traffic Projection](#)



[CPCS Downside Scenario](#)



[POV Gateway Rail Dwell Times](#)



[Inland Distro Logistics](#)



[PATH Logistics](#)



[PATH Design](#)



[POV Cargo Summary](#)

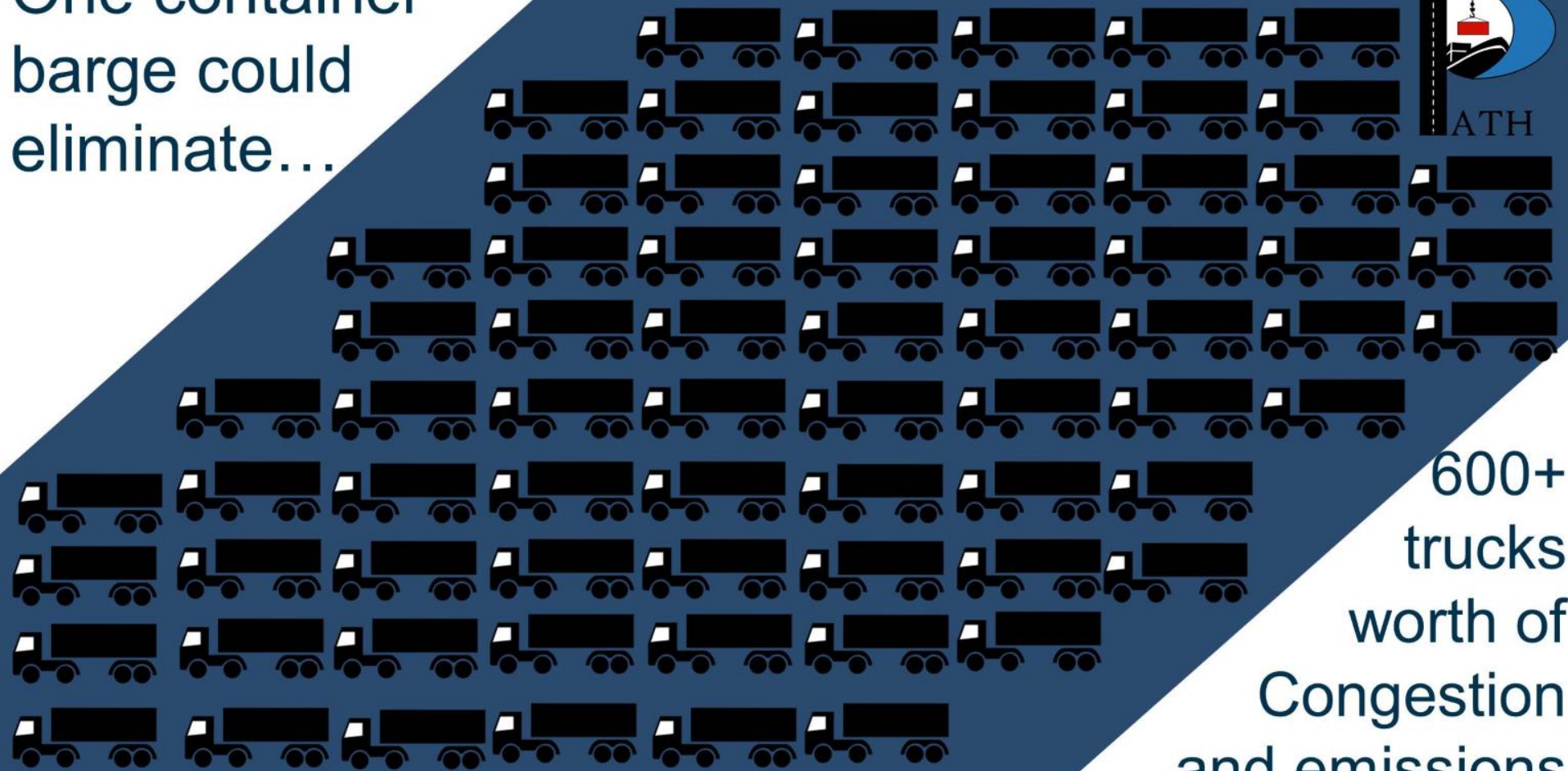


[Rail Logistics](#)

Recourses Files:

Slides 7 - 51

One container
barge could
eliminate...



ATH

600+
trucks
worth of
Congestion
and emissions

Benefits

1. Reduces CO2 Emissions & 14.5million Truck kilometers
2. Automated Terminal with ILWU Support
3. up to 7 Days saved Sailing Time
4. Location @ Gateway to Hinterland of 8 million people
5. Access to multiple railways and terminal operators
6. Economical – GDP \$ 21 billion
7. Increased Gateway Capacity & Fluidity
8. Land for development and growth
9. Safety & Security
10. Supported by the union – ILWU, First Nations, Environmental Groups, Communities, Industry, Trading organizations

Business Development



Cruise Ships

- 3 in 2019
- Growth opportunity
- Shore-excursion development



Marine Cluster

- Floating Dry Dock
- Commercial Fishing Hub
- Seafood & Aquaculture Processing

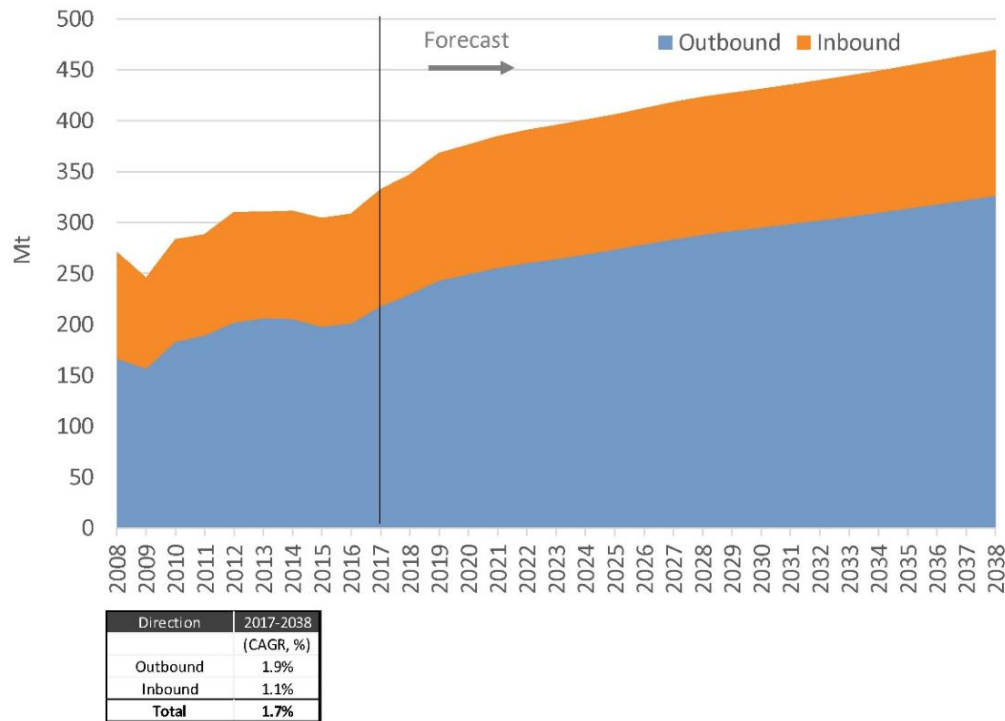


China Creek Marina

- Kiteboarding opportunity
- Water sports & hiking



In our baseline forecast, we expect CPA cargo traffic to increase 1.7% per year in the period, from 332.7 Mt in 2017 to 470.0 Mt in 2038



Notes: Time series shows actual cargo traffic up to 2017 and three-year moving average forecasts thereafter.
Source: CPCS calculations based on Transport Canada and OE data.

Project Estimated Cost

Item	Description	Cost \$	Contingency \$
1	Mobilization/Demobilization	61,033,000	9,155,000
2	Dredging and Land Reclamation	46,792,800	11,698,200
3	Removals and Site Preparation	2,888,750	433,300
4	Excavation and Fill – Terminal Site	304,215,000	45,632,250
5	Wharf Structural	171,257,540	25,224,800
6	Civil & Misc. Structural Terminal Infrastructure	94,684,900	11,457,100
7	Offsite Improvements	4,116,500	617,500
8	Gate Complex	3,407,500	511,100
9	Buildings	26,573,000	2,657,300
10	Electrical Terminal Infrastructure	51,684,000	12,921,000
11	Container Handling Equipment for Fully Automated Terminal	515,045,000	51,504,500
Total for Capital Cost Construction		1,281,697,990	171,812,050
Total for Capital Cost Construction, Incl. Contingency		1,453,510,040	
12	Permitting, Engineering, Contract Administration	147,400,000	29,479,100
Total for Project		1,429,100,000	201,300,000
Total for Construction, Incl. Contingency		1,630,400,000	



Week or
more in
Salish Sea
area

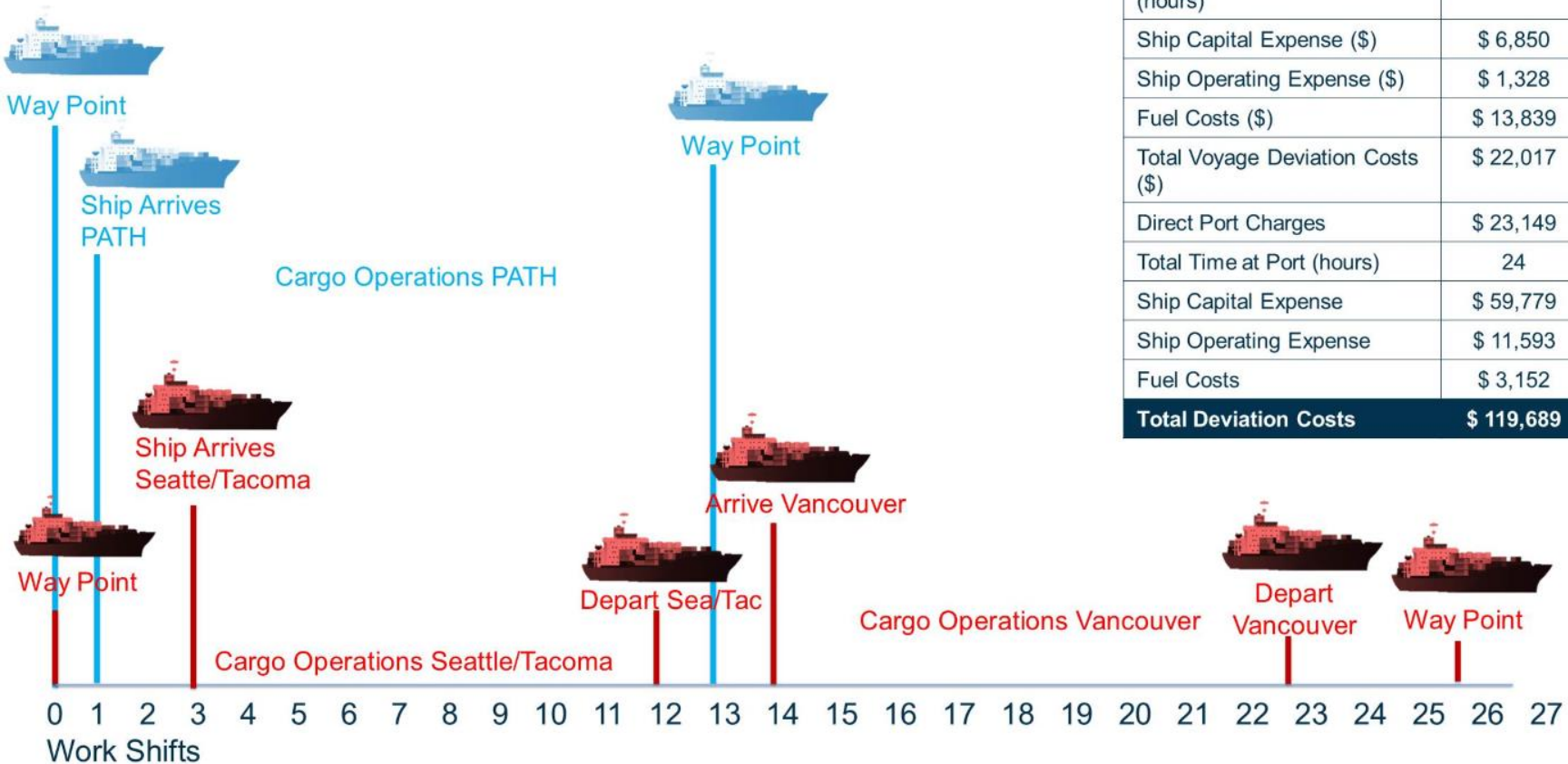


Current model



Estimated Savings PNW – 14,000 TEU Ship

Operating under assumption: SEA/TAC: 26 moves/hour - 5 Cranes deployed throughout
 PATH: 32 moves/ hour – 7 cranes deployed throughout= 4 days savings








Costs from the point of Deviation	PATH	STATUS QUO
Deviation (nm)	44	480
Ship Speed (knots)	16	16
Time used for deviation (hours)	2.8	30
Ship Capital Expense (\$)	\$ 6,850	\$ 74,724
Ship Operating Expense (\$)	\$ 1,328	\$ 14,491
Fuel Costs (\$)	\$ 13,839	\$ 179,274
Total Voyage Deviation Costs (\$)	\$ 22,017	\$ 268,489
Direct Port Charges	\$ 23,149	\$186,980
Total Time at Port (hours)	24	66
Ship Capital Expense	\$ 59,779	\$ 164,392
Ship Operating Expense	\$ 11,593	\$ 31,881
Fuel Costs	\$ 3,152	\$ 8,667
Total Deviation Costs	\$ 119,689	\$ 660,409



Environmental Benefits



-  PATH will reduce emissions by 22,000 metric tonnes of CO₂
-  Reduced commuting time equates to savings for commuters
-  Reduced truck traffic
-  Reduced number of large ships
-  Less expansions needed for the transportation infrastructure



will
allow for
direct delivery
to distributors and
warehouses along the Fraser River



Gateway Resiliency

- Natural disasters
- Strikes & Lockouts
- Derailments
- Winter
- Diversity



PATH will
increase
GDP by
\$21.3
Billion



Location



Sarita
Bay

The Port Alberni Port Authority
has a Memorandum of
Understanding with the
Huu ay aht First
Nations.

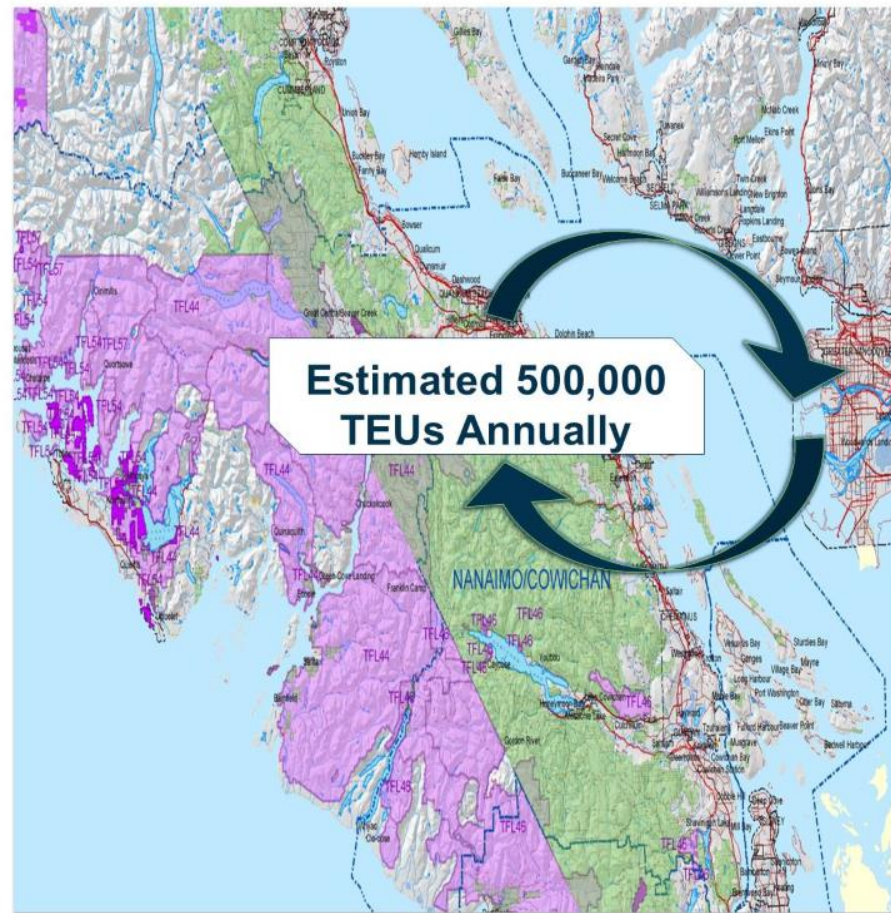


Will enable
use of existing
infrastructure
and open up
new hinterland.



Hub and Spoke Model





Hub and Spoke



Milestones



- 📍 Pre-Feasibility Study Partially Funded by Federal Government
- 📍 Memorandum of Understanding with Korean Consortium
- 📍 Protocol Agreement with Huu ay aht First Nations
- 📍 Land Reserved – Provincial Government
- 📍 Letter of Support from ILWU Canada
- 📍 Memorandum of Understanding with ZPMC

Next Steps



- Key Stakeholder
- Impact Assessment
- In-depth Feasibility Study
- Secure Anchor Shipping Line



Economic Community Impacts

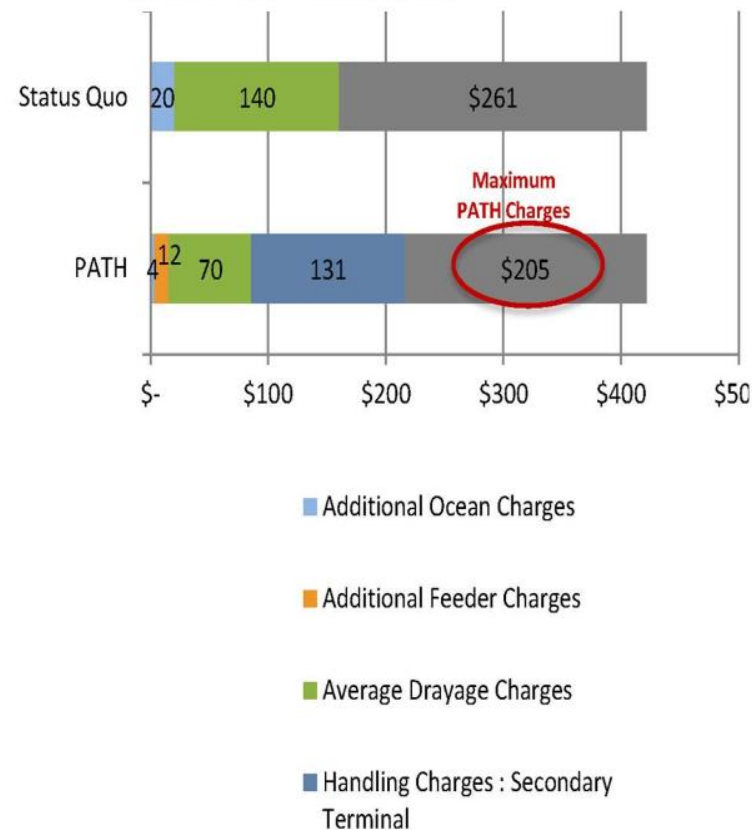
- ✓ Total direct, indirect & induced jobs: 2878 = almost \$191 Million total income
- ✓ 353 of these jobs are directly related to port property, operations and those operating within Port holdings
- ✓ \$13.5 Million in taxes to Governments of Canada, BC & City (almost \$5.5 Million to City)
- ✓ Direct GDP generated by the Port was \$135.5 Million
- ✓ Fishing – Raw Spirit – jobs
- ✓ Cantimber - jobs
- ✓ WCMRC - jobs
- ✓ Tyee Landing / Centennial pier





Drayage

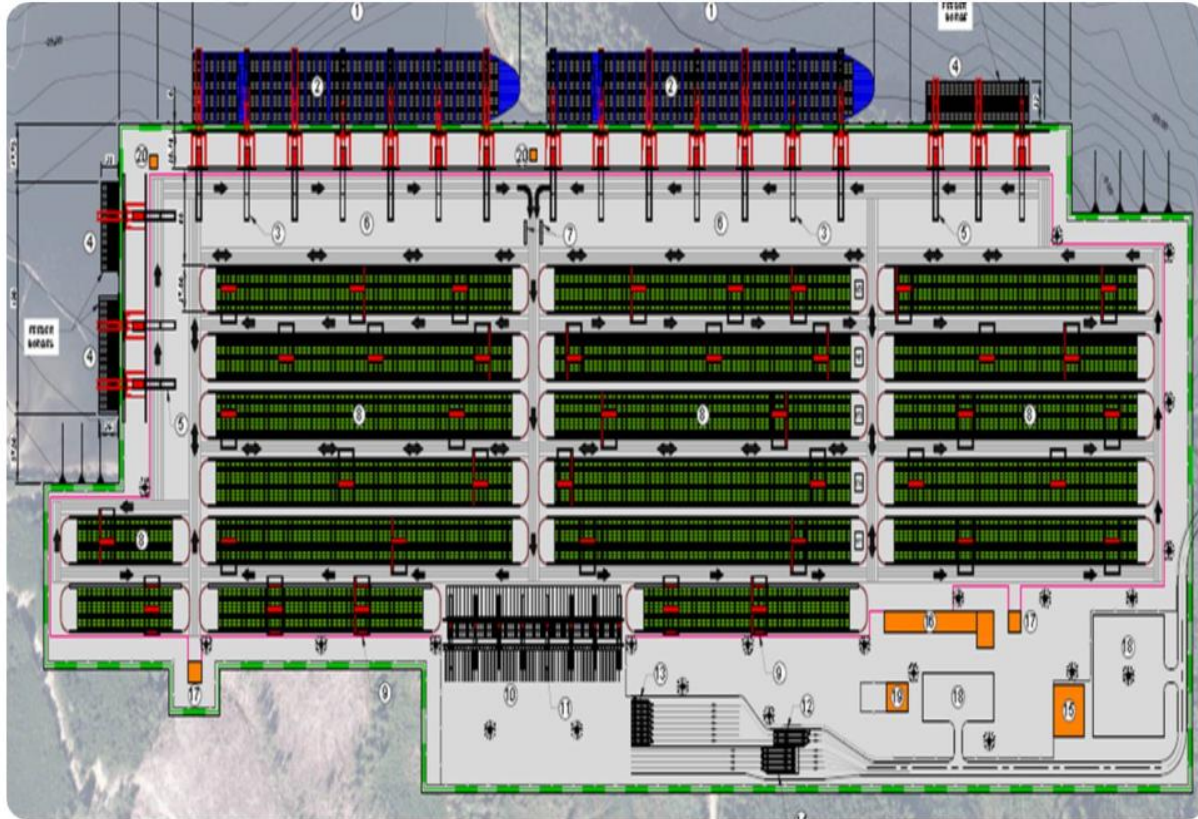
Figure 6-9: Supply Chain Price Differential (from Deviation Point): Truck-Served Customers in Local Market





- Additional Ocean Charges
- Additional Feeder Charges
- Handling Charges : Secondary Terminal
- Handling Charges : Primary Terminal

Port Alberni Trans-shipment Hub



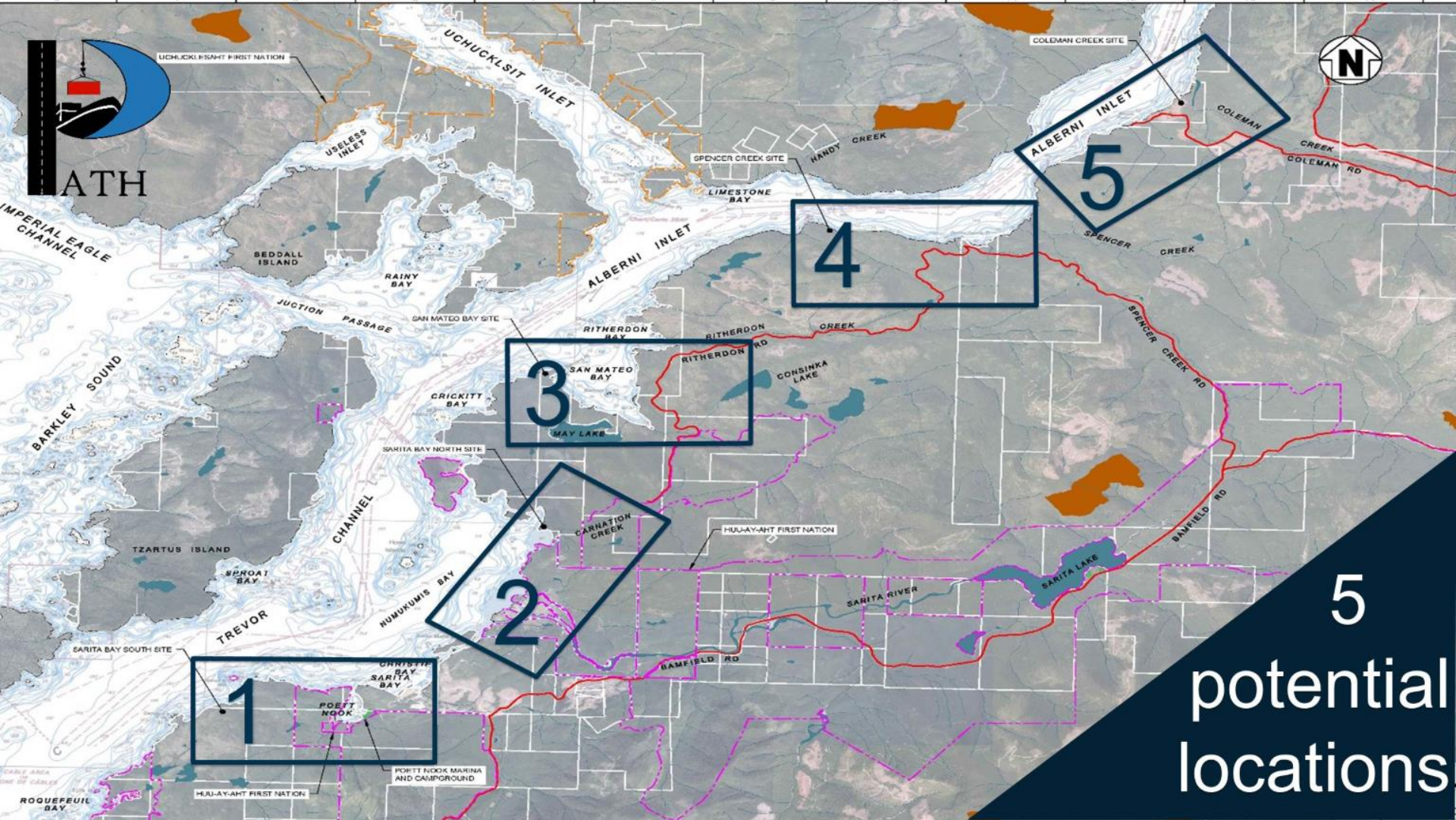
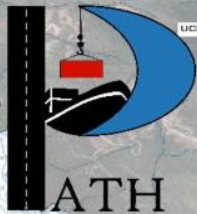
Fully Automated Container Terminal

PATH will include automated equipment
to keep operating costs low
and service reliability high.



22,000 TEU +
Ships

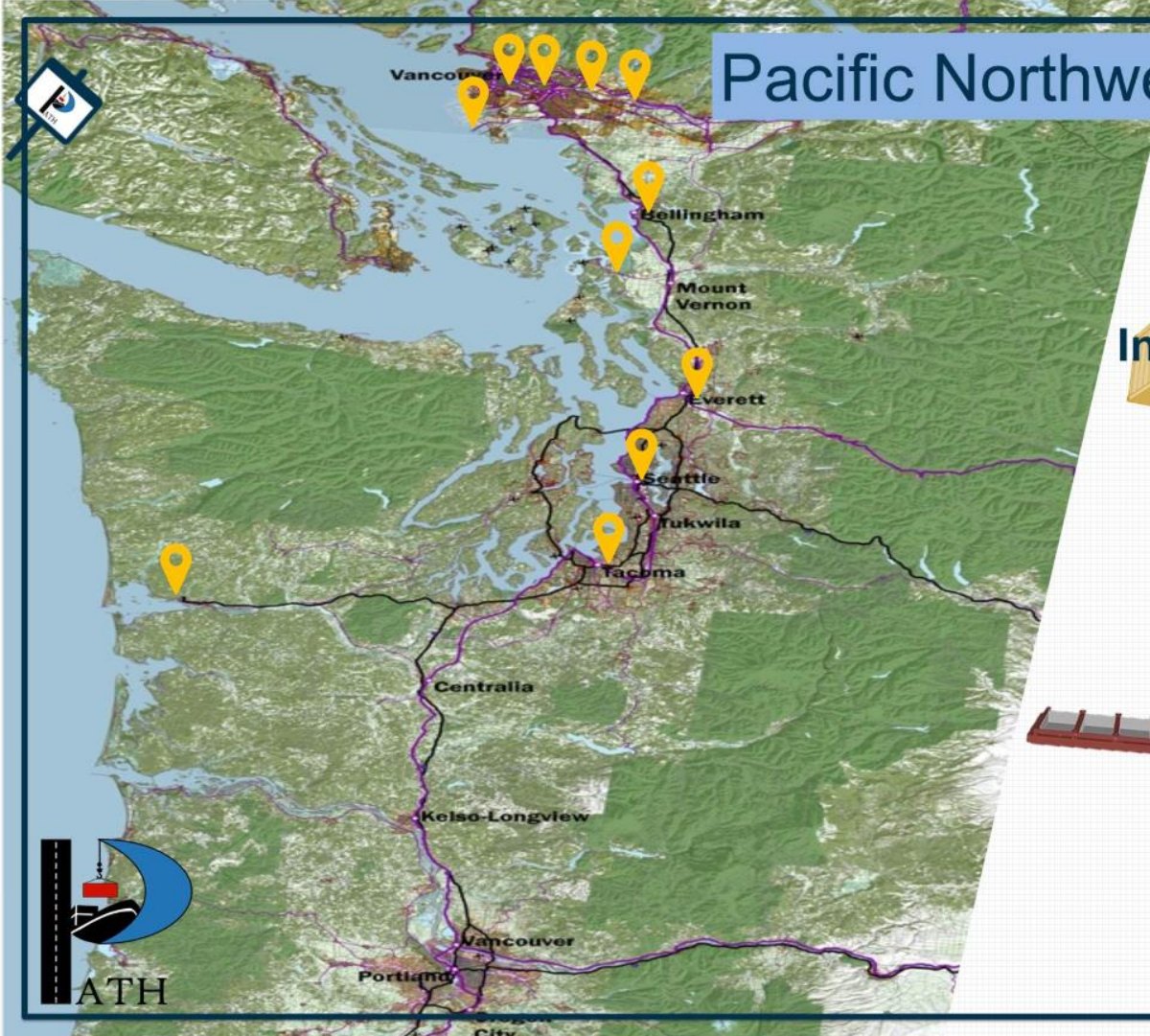




5
potential
locations

Item	PATH	Status Quo: Vancouver/ Seattle
Voyage Deviation Estimation		
Deviation (nm)	44	480
Ship Speed (knots)	16	12
Time used for deviation (hours)	2.8	30
Ship Capital Expenses (\$)	\$ 6,850	\$ 99,632
Ship Operating Expense (\$)	\$ 1,328	\$ 19,321
Fuel Costs (\$)	\$ 13,839	\$ 239,032
Total Voyage Deviation Costs (\$)	\$ 22,017	\$ 357,985
Port Deviation Estimation		
Direct Port Charges (\$)	\$ 23,149	\$ 186,980
Total Time at Port (hours)	24	66
Ship Capital Expenses (\$)	\$ 59,779	\$ 164,392
Ship Operating Expense (\$)	\$ 11,593	\$ 31,881
Fuel Costs (\$)	\$ 3,152	\$ 8,667
Total Port Deviation Costs (\$)	\$ 97,673	\$ 391,920
Total Deviation Costs (\$)	\$ 119,689	\$ 749,905
Results		
Savings in Basic Scenario (two-way)	\$ 630,216	

Pacific Northwest



Container Ship

Inbound

Outbound



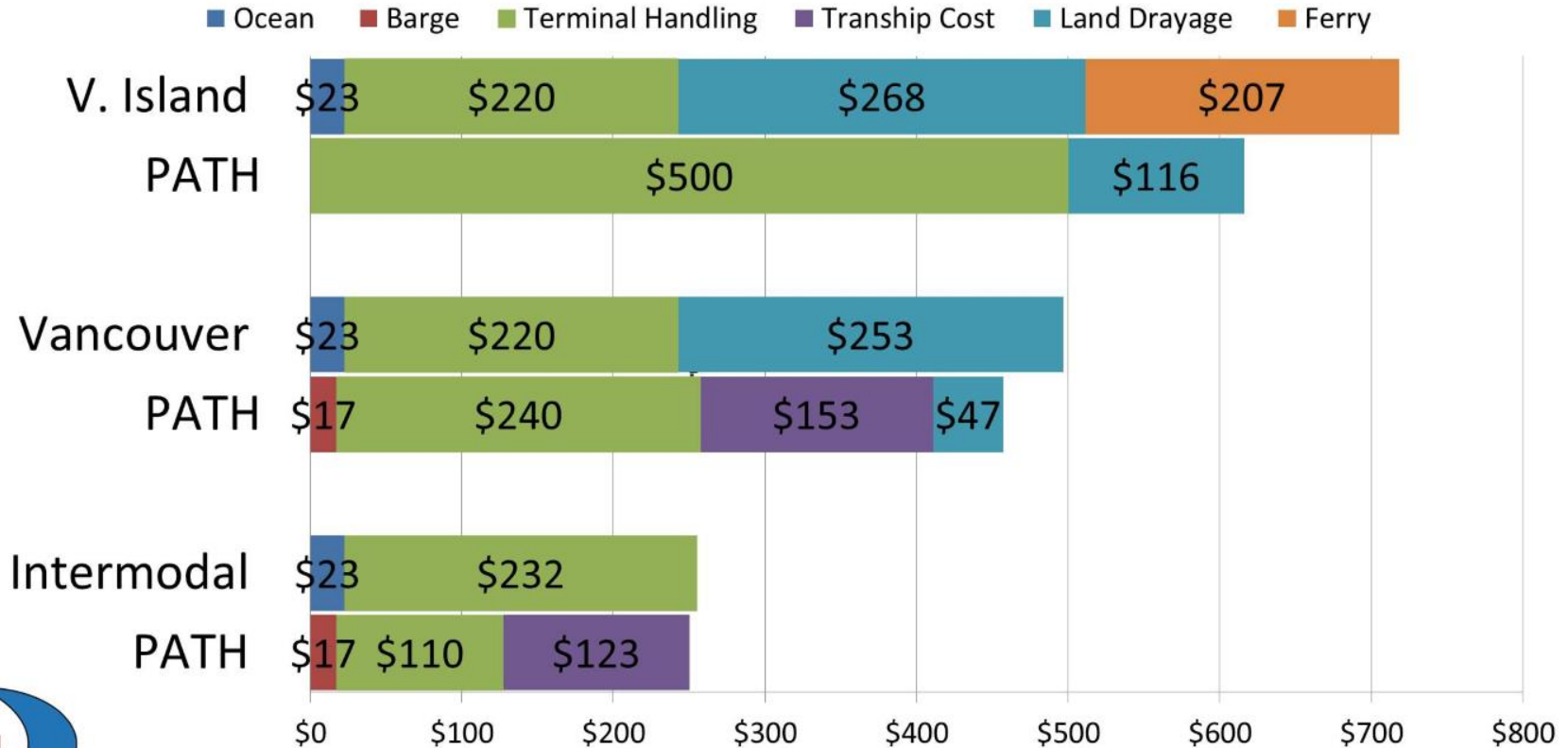
Barge

Barge

Destination



Cost @TEU Comparison - PATH vs Status Quo



PORT ALBERNI HAS:

- 
- An aerial photograph of Port Alberni, British Columbia, showing a large marina filled with boats, industrial areas with shipping containers, and a residential area nestled against a forested hillside. The water is calm, and the sky is clear.
- Highest unemployment rate
 - Highest serious crime rates
 - Highest serious drug offences
 - Highest alcohol consumption and alcohol related deaths
 - Highest number of young mothers
 - Highest poverty rate
 - Highest occurrences of mood and anxiety disorders
 - Lowest rate of infrastructure and development investment





Container Traffic – Pacific North West

Port	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Port of Vancouver	2,825,475	2,912,900	3,054,467	2,929,585	3,252,223
Seattle / Tacoma	3,456,161	3,427,561	3,529,441	3,615,752	3,665,329
Totals	6,281,636	6,340,461	6,583,908	6,545,337	6,917,552

Daily Import Rail On-dock Footage Summary

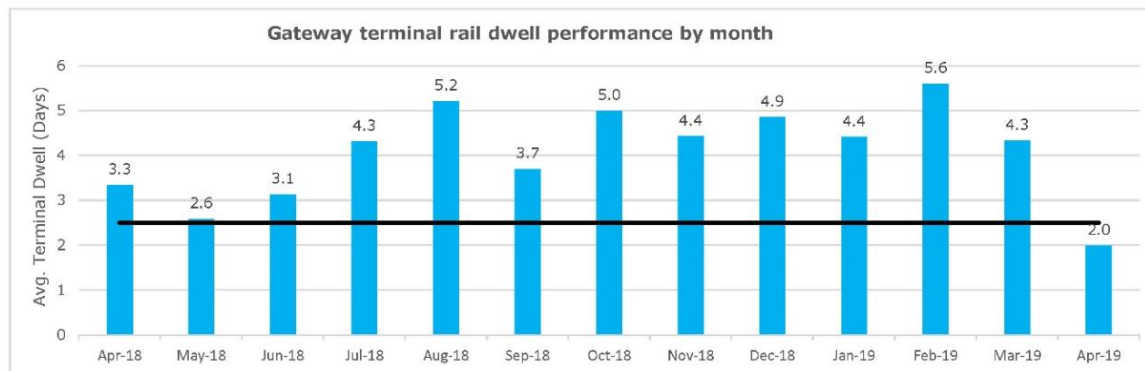
May 24, 2019

	CP	CN	Terminal
Vanterm	10,890	13,629	24,519
Centerm	429	7,079	7,508
Deltaport	38,412	24,470	62,882

Total On-dock Footage*	49,731	45,178	94,909
-------------------------------	---------------	---------------	---------------

Status*	Definition
GREEN	0-3 days on dock
AMBER	3-5 days on dock
RED	5-7 days on dock
BLACK	>7 days on dock

*Estimated number of days to clear on dock footage based on previous 2 weeks' performance.



Note: Gateway dwell times are measured based on completed trips only. Containers remaining on dock or currently in transit are not included in this measure.

Port Overview

- One of 18 Canadian Port Authorities
- Agent of the Federal Crown
- Over 87 leases
- 47 km long inlet
- 4 marinas & 1 campground
- 3 berth terminal

Cargo summary by sector

Metric Tonnes	2015	2016	2017	% Change
Foreign	109,275,892	106,465,923	112,357,918	6%
Inbound	16,887,264	16,521,883	17,284,894	5%
Auto	371,370	379,402	415,713	10%
Break Bulk	1,271,335	1,053,604	1,038,342	-1%
Bulk	4,167,360	4,325,306	3,970,907	-8%
Container	11,077,199	10,763,570	11,859,932	10%
Outbound	92,388,627	89,944,040	95,073,024	6%
Auto	169	270	411	52%
Break Bulk	2,294,052	1,785,347	1,909,360	7%
Bulk	76,134,280	73,864,769	78,994,865	7%
Container	13,960,126	14,293,655	14,168,388	-1%
Domestic	28,808,184	29,071,491	29,720,441	2%
Inbound	11,329,827	11,092,114	11,373,942	3%
Auto	12,935	13,608	13,751	1%
Break Bulk	4,996,345	4,898,400	5,000,830	2%
Bulk	6,320,548	6,180,106	6,359,139	3%
Container	-	-	222	N/A
Outbound	17,478,357	17,979,377	18,346,499	2%
Break Bulk	7,910,268	8,502,684	8,678,326	2%
Bulk	9,568,089	9,476,693	9,667,077	2%
Container	-	-	1,096	N/A
Overall	138,084,076	135,537,413	142,078,359	5%
Inbound	28,217,092	27,613,997	28,658,835	4%
Auto	384,305	393,010	429,464	9%
Break Bulk	6,267,680	5,952,004	6,039,171	1%
Bulk	10,487,908	10,505,412	10,330,046	-2%
Container	11,077,199	10,763,570	11,860,154	10%
Outbound	109,866,984	107,923,417	113,419,524	5%
Auto	169	270	411	52%
Break Bulk	10,204,320	10,288,030	10,587,686	3%
Bulk	85,702,369	83,341,461	88,661,943	6%
Container	13,960,126	14,293,655	14,169,484	-1%

Mt of cargo traffic

Area	2017	2038
Canada	332.7	470
Port of Vancouver	142.1	200.7

Overview

Port of Vancouver handled 142 million tonnes of cargo in 2017, up 5% from the previous year's 136 million tonnes. The 2017 Statistics Overview tabulates the volume of cargo shipped through Port of Vancouver over the past three years (2015 - 2017). Various breakdowns are provided, including: imports, exports, major commodities, containerized cargo, principal trading economies, vessel arrivals, and cruise volumes.

Metric Tonnes	2015	2016	2017	% change*
Auto **	384,474	393,280	429,875	9%
Breakbulk	16,471,999	16,240,034	16,626,857	2%
Bulk	96,190,277	93,846,874	98,991,989	5%
Containerized	25,037,326	25,057,225	26,029,638	4%
Total Tonnage	138,084,076	135,537,413	142,078,359	5%

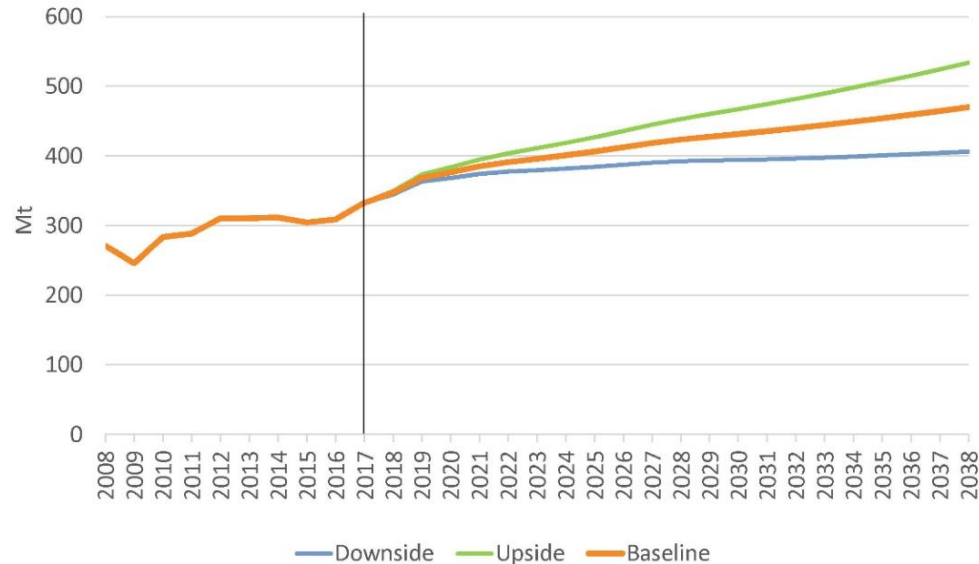
Auto (Units)**	384,474	393,280	429,875	9%
Containers (TEUs)	3,054,467	2,929,585	3,252,223	11%
Cruise Passengers	805,435	826,820	842,928	2%

Foreign Vessel Arrivals	3,126	3,105	3,219	4%
-------------------------	-------	-------	-------	----

* For the remainder of this report, "% change" refers to change between 2016 and 2017 figures

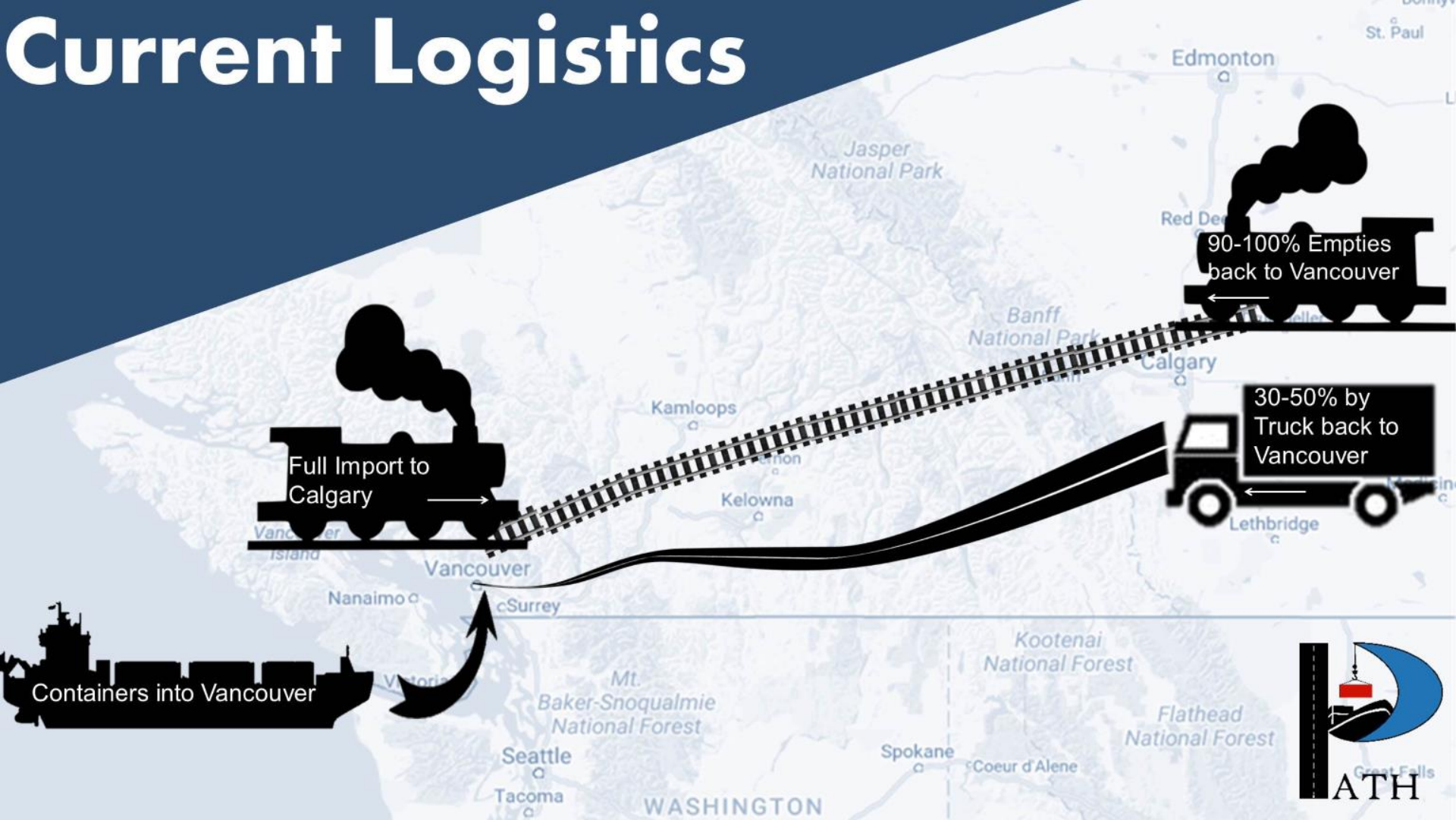
** 1 Vehicle Unit = 1 Metric Tonne

In our downside scenario, CPA cargo traffic increases to 406.3 Mt in 2038 (1.0% annual growth)



Notes: Time series shows actual cargo traffic up to 2017 and three-year moving average forecasts thereafter.
Source: CPCS calculations based on Transport Canada and OE data.

Current Logistics



Huangpu River - Shanghai



Trucked via BC Ferries



Jan – Jun
2015 – 2016
101,143 - 108,319

Seaspan Barges to Victoria and Nanaimo

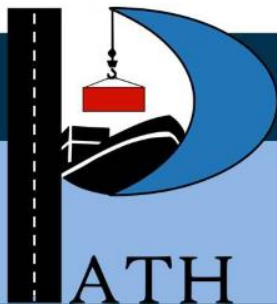


2016
250 - 53' Trailers per day

Barged to Nanaimo



2015
35,336 TEU
2016
43,500 TEU



Vancouver Island Cargo



Goods Producing & Manufacturing Companies



Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, Hunting -
1,204



Mining, Oil & Gas Extraction - **71**



Manufacturing - **954**

**Vancouver
Island** has a
growing number of
goods and
manufacturing
companies

Vancouver Island

Population

799,400
2016

765,307
2015

760,466
2014

Almost
70% of
the
population
on
Vancouver
Island is
between
the ages
of 15 and

64.



The region's geographic separation from the mainland means that sea travel and air travel are the only options for businesses to move goods and workers and for visitors to come to the region. As a result increases in transportation costs can have a significant effect on overall business costs.

- State of the Island Economic Report

2015

The average cost of a single family home on Vancouver Island is \$388,800. – Vancouver

Island Real Estate Board

Centerm

Vanterm

Vancouver

Burnaby

Port Moody Coquitlam

Golden Ears
Provincial
Park

Maple Ridge

New
Westminster

Fort Langley

Glen Valley

Richmond

SURREY NEWTON

Surrey

Langley

Langley

Abbotsford

Westham
Island

Delta

White Rock

Delta Port

Distribution/Warehouse

Ports

Destinations





Port Congestion

Congestion issues at the Port of Vancouver may lead to delivery delays. - Milgram.com

“...congestion at the port is costing the industry millions of dollars” - Werner Knittle, vice-president of the B.C. division for Canadian Manufacturers and Exporters

The Canadian International Freight Forwarders Association noted in its daily bulletin that dwell times for containers at Port Metro Vancouver, before they are loaded to rail, are at least 5-7 days. - Canadian Shipper



Vancouver Rail Lines





Viability

Path has a total build cost of \$1.63 Billion

Including all handling cost, trainload, barge and port fees

No	Description	# Berths	Berth Utilization
1	One 14,000 TEU vessel calling weekly at PATH EBITDA = \$214 Million	1	21%
2	Two 14,000 TEU vessels calling weekly at PATH EBITDA = \$440 Million	2	43%
3	One weekly 14,000 TEU vessel with 44% PNW and 56% PSW cargo EBITDA= \$79 million	1	11%
4	Combination of Scenarios 1 and 3 above EBITDA = \$518 Million	2	32%

Container Traffic – West Coast of North America



Port	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Prince Rupert	536,439	618,167	776,410	736,663	926,540
Port of Vancouver	2,825,475	2,912,900	3,054,467	2,929,585	3,252,223
Seattle/Tacoma	3,456,161	3,427,561	3,529,441	3,615,752	3,665,329
Port of Long Beach	6,730,573	6,820,806	7,192,066	6,775,171	7,544,507
Port of Los Angeles	7,868,582	8,340,066	8,160,458	8,856,783	9,343,193
Port of Oakland	2,346,564	2,394,069	2,277,521	2,369,631	2,420,837
Totals	23,763,794	24,513,569	24,990,363	25,283,858	27,152,629

Shanghai – LA or
Shanghai – LA via Port Alberni –
19 hours deviation



Gateway Resiliency

- Natural disasters
- Strikes & Lockouts
- Derailments
- Winter
- Diversity

